Sr. No. 7101

Exam. Code: 206602 Subject Code: 4594

M.Sc. Bio-informatics - 2nd Sem.

(2517)

Paper - BI-521: Concepts in Molecular Biology & rDNA Technology
Time allowed: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION-A

Note: -Attempt ALL questions.

- 1. (a) What is the difference between translation and transcription?
 - (b) What are the differences between DNA and RNA?
 - (c) Describe the function of restriction enzymes in a host.
 - (d) The eukaryotic gene transcripts usually undergo three major modifications. What are these?
 - (e) Discuss the role of RNA editing in cell.
 - (f) List three ways in which the mRNAs of eukaryotes differ from the mRNAs of prokaryotes.
 - (g) Enlist different types of RNA molecules present in prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.
 - (h) What is the role of Taq DNA polymerase in polymerase chain reaction?
 - (i) Explain how inducible operon is different from repressible operon
 - (j) Role of DNA ligase in construction of a recombinant DNA molecule 1.5x10=15

SECTION-B

Note:- Attempt FIVE questions, ONE from each Unit.

UNIT-I

- 2. (a) Outline physical and chemical properties of DNA
 - (b) How is excision repair carried out in *E. coli*?

6+6

- 3. (a) Explain DNA denaturation and renaturation. What is the implication of high number of repetitive DNA sequences in DNA sequencing?
 - (b) What are the enzymes and proteins required for DNA replication, and what are their functions?

UNIT-II

- 4. (a) What are the important steps in RNA synthesis i prokaryotes?
 - (b) Discuss the types of RNA processing that occur only in eukaryotes, not in prokaryotes. 6+6
- 5. (a) How is the genetic information in mRNAs translated into amino acid sequences of polypeptides?
 - (b) Discuss the properties of genetic code.

6+6

UNIT-III

6. (a) Discuss the mechanism of repression and attenuation for regulation of tryphtophan Operon in *E coli*.

PTO

(b) Discuss the lambda lytic regulatory cascade.	6+6
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- 7. (a) What is DNA methylation and imprinting? Discuss their significance in eukaryotic gene regulation.
 - (b) Briefly discusses the processes involved in X-chromosome inactivation in mammals. 6+6

UNIT-IV

- (a) List the differences between type I and type II restriction enzymes.
 - (b) Define vector. Briefly describe features of one plasmid and one phase vector for E. 6+6 coli.
- 12 9. Write short notes on any FOUR of the following:
 - a. DNA ligases
 - b. Cohesive ends
 - c. Transformation
 - d. Phasmid
 - e. M13 phage vectors

UNIT-V

- Briefly describe the procedure for construction of a genomic library and explain the 10 strategy for isolation of a desired DNA segment from such a library.
- (a) Discuss commonly used labelling techniques and their application in molecular biology.
 - 6+6 (b) Describe the process of reverse transcription.

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